EF-60-AH-R20-0521-10000134-1 BOE-60-AH (P1) REV. 20 (05-21)

## CLAIM OF PERSON(S) AT LEAST 55 YEARS OF AGE FOR TRANSFER OF BASE YEAR VALUE TO REPLACEMENT DWELLING



## Paul Dictos, CPA Fresno County Assessor-Recorder

P. O. Box 1146 Fresno, CA 93715 (559) 600-3534 www.assessor.co.fresno.ca.us

(INTRACOUNTY AND INTERCOUNTY, WHEN APPLICABLE)

A. REPLACEMENT DWELLING	
ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER	RECORDER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER
DATE OF PURCHASE	DATE OF COMPLETION OF NEW CONSTRUCTION
PURCHASE PRICE	COST OF NEW CONSTRUCTION
\$	\$
PROPERTY ADDRESS (street, city, county)	ΙΨ
1. Do you occupy the replacement dwelling as your principal place of	
2. Is this property a multi-unit property? If so, which unit is your princ	
3. Is the new construction described performed on a replacement d section 69.5 within the past two years? Yes No If yes	welling which has already been granted the benefit under R&TC , what was the date of your original claim?
B. ORIGINAL (FORMER) PROPERTY	
ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER	
DATE OF SALE	SALE PRICE \$
PROPERTY ADDRESS (street, city, county)	
1. Was this property your principal place of residence? Tes N	O Date property was no longer your principal residence:
2. Was this property a multi-unit property? If so, which unit was your pr	
3. Did this property transfer to your parent (s), child (ren) or grand child (ren) constant (s), child (ren) or grand child (ren) constant (s), child (s),	)?
Note: When applicable, if the property is located in a different count	ty from that of the replacement property, you must attach a copy of th
	sued before the date of sale. Also, was there any new construction t
this property since the last tax bill(s) and before the date of sale? [	Yes No
If yes, please explain:	
4. Was this property substantially damaged or destroyed by misfo	ortune or calamity (not a Gove <mark>rn</mark> or-decl <mark>ar</mark> ed disaster) and sold in it
damaged state? Yes No If yes, what was the date of the	
C. CLAIMANT INFORMATION (please print)	
NAME OF CLAIMANT (provide copy of valid identification with date of birth)	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER DATE OF BIRTH AT LEAST AGE 55?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
NAME OF SPOUSE (provide if the spouse is a record owner of the replacement dwelling)	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER  DATE OF BIRTH  AT LEAST AGE 55?  Yes  No
1. Have either you or your spouse previously been granted relief under	r R&TC section 69.5 because of disability? ☐ Yes ☐ No
2. Have either you or your spouse previously been granted relief under lf yes, have you or your spouse subsequently become severely and per	
	FICATION
	he State of California that: (1) as a claimant/occupant I/we occupy th
	f residence; (2) as a claimant I/we were at least 55 years of age at the
time of the sale of our original residence; and (3) the foregoing, ar my/our knowledge and belief.	nd all information hereon, is true, correct, and complete to the best of
SIGNATURE OF CLAIMANT	DATE
<b>&gt;</b>	
SIGNATURE OF SPOUSE	DATE
MAILING ADDRESS	DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER
CITY, STATE, ZIP	( ) EMAIL ADDRESS
If there are not anough enaces above for additional claimant(s) informational	please use the above formation a senarate sheet of paner and attach. If you

Note: Unless you become disabled at a later date, this may be a one-time only exclusion. All information provided on this form is subject to verification.



have any questions about this form, please contact the Assessor's Office.

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## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

California law allows any person who is at least 55 years of age (at the time of sale of original/former property) who resides in a property eligible for the Homeowners' Exemption (place of residence) or currently receiving the Disabled Veterans' Exemption to transfer the base year value of the original property to a replacement dwelling of equal or lesser value within the same county. For purposes of this exclusion, *original property* and *replacement dwelling* mean a building, structure, or other shelter constituting a place of abode which is owned and occupied by a claimant as his or her principal place of residence, and land eligible for the Homeowners' Exemption. If an original property is a multi-unit dwelling, each unit shall be considered a separate original property.

To qualify for transfer of a base year value from your original principal place of residence to a replacement dwelling, all the following requirements must be met:

- 1) The replacement property must be your principal residence and must be eligible of the Homeowners' Exemption or Disabled Veterans' Exemption;
- 2) The replacement property must be of equal or lesser "fair market value" than the original property, meaning: 100 percent or less of the market value of the original property if a replacement property were purchased or newly constructed before the sale of the original property, or 105 percent or less of the market value of the original property if a replacement property is purchased or newly constructed within the first year after the sale of the original property, or 110 percent or less of the market value of the original property if a replacement property is purchased or newly constructed within the second year after the sale of the original property;
- 3) The replacement property must be purchased or built within two years (before or after) of the sale of the original property; and
- 4) A claim for relief must be filed within 3 years of the date a replacement dwelling is purchased or new construction of that replacement dwelling is completed. If you file your claim after the 3-year period, relief will be granted beginning with the calendar year in which you file your claim.

Please note that if you sold the original property to your parent, child, or grandchild and that person filed a claim and was granted the parent-child or grandparent to grandchild change in ownership exclusion on the original property, then you may not also transfer that base year value from your original property to your replacement property under the provisions of Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) section 69.5.

If the original property was substantially damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity (not limited to a Governor-declared disaster) and sold in its damaged state, the fair market value of the property immediately preceding the damage or destruction is used for purposes of the equal or lesser value test. A property is "substantially damaged or destroyed" if either land or improvements sustain physical damage amounting to more than 50 percent of its full cash value immediately prior to the misfortune or calamity.

If you are filing a claim for **additional treatment** under R&TC section 69.5 as the result of new construction performed on a replacement dwelling which has already been granted the benefit, you must complete the reverse side of this form. You may be eligible if the new construction is completed within two years of the date of sale of the original property; you have notified the Assessor in writing of the completion of new construction within 6 months after completion; and the fair market value of the new construction (as confirmed by the Assessor) on the date of completion, plus the full cash value of the replacement dwelling at the time of its purchase/date of completion of new construction (as confirmed by the Assessor) does not exceed the market value of the original property as of its date of sale.

The disclosure of social security numbers by all claimants of a replacement dwelling is mandatory as required by R&TC section 69.5. [See Title 42 United State Code, section 405(c)(2)(C)(i) which authorizes the use of social security numbers for identification purposes in the administration of any tax.] The numbers are used by the Assessor to verify the eligibility of persons claiming this exclusion and by the state to prevent multiple claims in different counties. This claim is not subject to public inspection.

If you feel you qualify for this exclusion, you must provide evidence that you are at least 55 years old and declare under penalty of perjury (see reverse) that you are at least 55, and complete the reverse side of this form. Generally, claimants will be granted property tax relief under R&TC section 69.5 only once. However, the Legislature created an exception to this one-time-only clause. If a person becomes disabled **after** receiving the property tax relief for age, the person may transfer the base year value a second time because of the disability. A separate form for disability must be filed. Contact the Assessor.

If your claim is approved, the base year value will be transferred to the replacement dwelling as of the **latest** qualifying event — the sale of the original property, the purchase of the replacement dwelling, or the completion of construction of the replacement dwelling. This means that if you purchase or construct your replacement dwelling **first** and sell your original property **second**, you will be responsible for the increased taxes on your replacement dwelling until your original property is sold.

**Please Note:** Transfers between counties are allowed only if the county in which the replacement dwelling is located has passed an authorizing ordinance. The acquisition of the replacement dwelling must occur on or after the date specified in the county ordinance.

(Please complete applicable information on reverse side.)



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